

Community Collaboration: A Texas Approach

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Coordination Matrix

Populations with Varying Goals

Population	Goal
Juvenile Justice	Re-entry
Veteran	Community Integration
Foster Child	Permanency
Legally Blind	Independent Living
Homeless	Safe, Affordable Housing

Coordination Challenges for All Populations

Barriers

- Untreated mental health or substance use disorder
- •Singular-focus programs
- Lack of cross agency coordination
- Staff lack training, tools
- Challenged business relations

Drivers

- Funding
- Performance expectations
- Contract agreements
- Available resources
- Service Connections

Additional Complexities

- Ethnicity / Culture
- Physical disability
- Economics
- Transportation
- Geography

Uncoordinated Care

- Inpatient, Criminal Justice, Community
- Economic impact
- Long waitlist
- Co-morbidity
- Confusion

Uncoordinated Systems

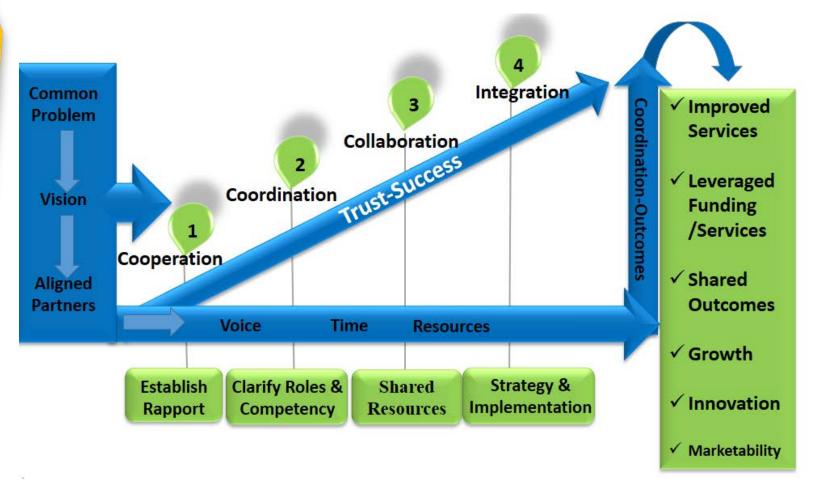
Result in:

- Utilization of high cost alternatives; criminal justice and inpatient
- Duplication of effort
- Less than adequate access to needed services
- Long waitlists
- Confusing to service recipients
- Lack of focus on clinical well-being or early intervention and prevention
- Huge cost to the economy



Benefits of Collaboration







Statewide Behavioral Health Coordinating Council

State government agencies work together to address behavioral health issues across Texas.

 Health Professions Council (HPC) (six member agencies)
 Texas Education Agency (TEA)
Texas Tech University System
• Texas Commission on Jail Standards (TCJS)
Texas Workforce Commission (TWC)
 Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA)
Texas Indigent Defense Commission (TIDC)
 Court of Criminal Appeals (CCA)
Texas Juvenile Justice Department (TJJD)

Statewide Behavioral Health Strategic Plan





Behavioral Health Gaps in Services



Gap 2: Behavioral Health Needs of Public School Students

Gap 3: Coordination across State Agencies

Gap 4: Veteran and Military Service Members Supports

Gap 5: Continuity of Care for Individuals Exiting County and Local Jails

Gap 6: Access to Timely Treatment Services

Gap 7: Implementation of Evidence-based Practices

Gap 8: Use of Peer Services

Gap 9: Behavioral Health Services for Individuals

with Intellectual Disabilities

Gap 10: Consumer Transportation and Access to Treatment

Gap 11: Prevention and Early Intervention Services

Gap 12: Access to Housing

Gap 13: Behavioral Health Workforce Shortage

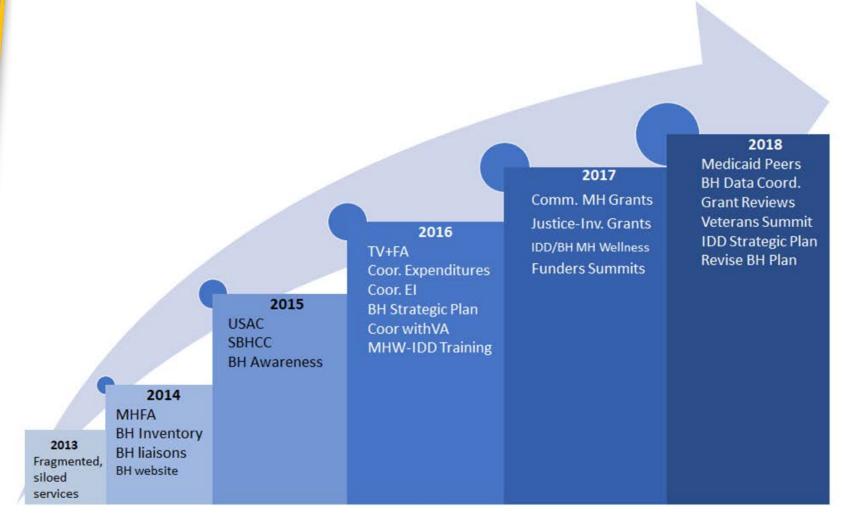
Gap 14: Services for Special Populations

Gap 15: Shared and Usable Data





Creating a Unified Approach to Texas Behavioral Health





Fiscal Year 2018 Coordinated Expenditures

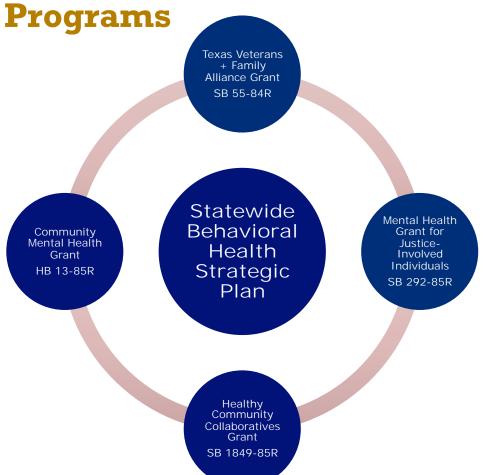
TOTAL = \$2,184,202,032





Statewide Behavioral Health Coordinating Council Activities

Behavioral Health Matching Grant



- Implementation teams work collaboratively across initiatives
- Tie initiatives back to the Statewide Behavioral Health Strategic Plan
- Assure a strategic distribution of resources across the state, with an emphasis on underserved areas and unmet needs
- Avoid duplication of effort by agencies
- Outcomes and reporting



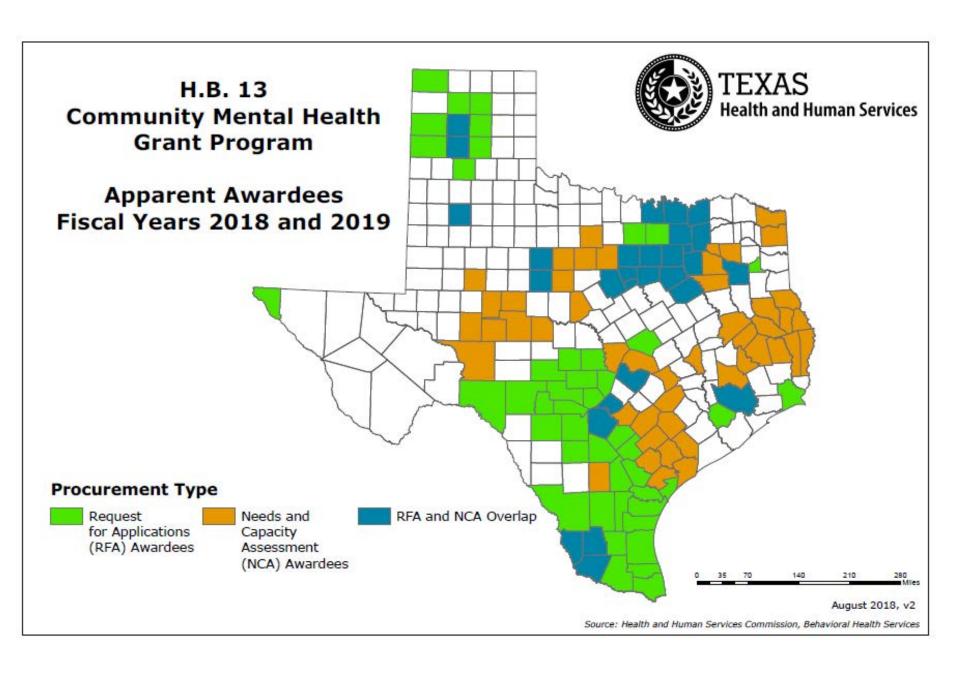
Community Mental Health Programs

Matching Grant Programs for Mental Health Services

The goal is to support community programs providing mental health care services and treatment to individuals with a mental illness, and coordinate mental health care services for individuals with a mental illness with other transition support services.





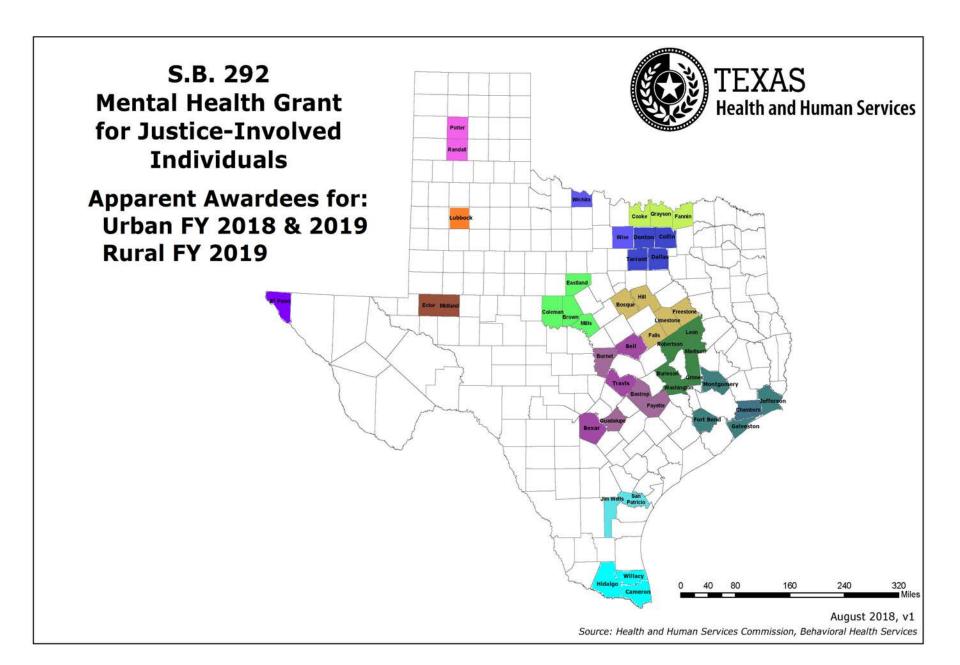




Mental Health Grant Program for Justice-Involved Individuals

- Creates a matching grant program for countybased community collaboratives for the purpose of reducing:
 - Recidivism by the frequency of arrests of, and incarceration of, persons with mental illness; and
 - The total waiting time for forensic commitment of persons with mental illness to a state hospital.







Texas Veterans + Family Alliance Grant Program

TV+FA is a matching grant program seeking to improve the quality of life of Texas veterans and their families by supporting local communities across the state to expand the availability of, increase access to, and enhance the delivery of mental health treatment and services.

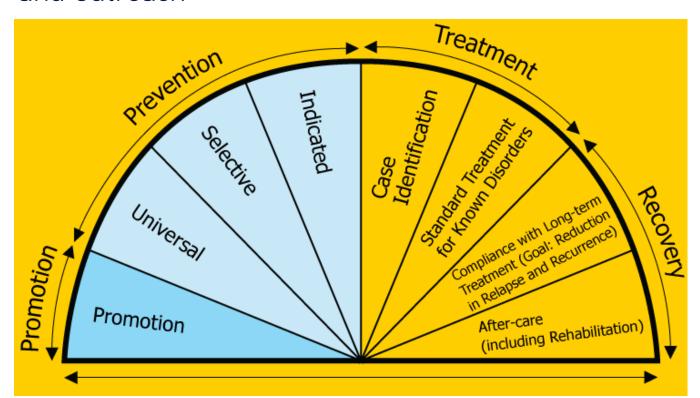






Texas Targeted Opioid Response (TTOR): Core Strategies

- Increased access to care and supports
- Reduction of service gaps within the continuum of care
- Increased awareness for the public through education and outreach



Increased in Proportion of Individuals with Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) Receiving Medication Assisted Therapy (MAT)





TEXAS Health and Human

Services

Opioid Overdose Reversal Training and Naloxone Distribution





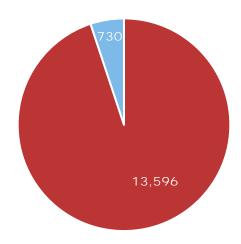


Image sources: https://www.portseattle.org/sites/default/files/inline-images/DCPRO-CITREP Banner1.jpg; https://pixabay.com/en/floating-ring-belt-help-lifesaver-160536/;



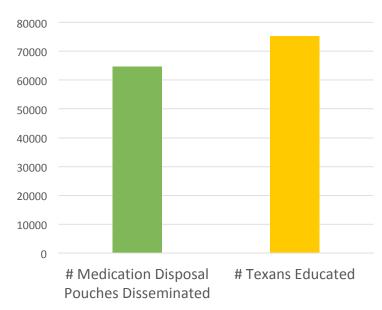
Opioid Misuse Prevention Activities

Prescription Drug Take Back



- Pounds of Rx returned
- Pounds of Rx opioids returned

Medication Disposal Pouches and Awareness Education





Creating Solutions

Uncoordinated Systems	Texas Solutions
High Cost Alternatives	 Community Mental Health Grant
	 Justice-Involved Mental Health Grant
	• TTOR
Duplicated Efforts	 Statewide Behavioral Health Strategic Plan
Inadequate Access /	Block Grants
Waitlists	 Coordinated Expenditures
	Opioid Response
Insufficient Prevention and Early Intervention	 Statewide Behavioral Health Coordinating Council



Thank you

Sonja Gaines, Deputy Executive Commissioner

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10/25/18 21